

ADCA Pressure Reducing Valve RP 45 (Threaded) (DN1/2"-DN1")

DESCRIPTION

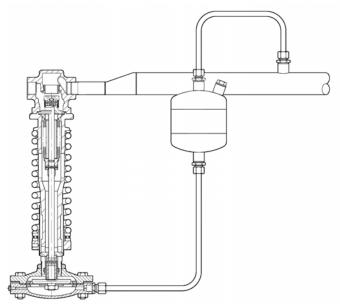
The ADCA RP45 series pressure reducing valves are single seat bellows sealed controllers, operating without auxiliary energy, designed for use on steam, compressed air, industrial inert gases and liquids compatible with the construction. They are particularly suitable for reducing steam pressure in all energy and process systems where pressures should be kept constant.

OPERATION

Pressure reduction is achieved by means of variable throttling of the inlet flow at the valve seat by variation of the flow area between seat and disc. The outlet pressure which is transmitted through the feed-back line to the diaphragm chamber counteracts the spring force acting on the valve spindle and controls the valve aperture corresponding to the spring setting and thus to the required outlet pressure.

MAIN FEATURES

Specially designed for high durability bellows,providing presssure balancing and friction less plug stem. Robust construction (fit-and-forget). Suitable for use with high pressure turndowns. Interchangeable actuators



OPTIONS:	Soft sealing for steam Nitrile rubber soft seated version for air and gas applications where tight shut-off is required. Low-noise flow divider
USE:	Steam, compressed air and other gases and liquids compatible with the construction.
AVAILABLE MODELS:	RP45S and RP45ST or N – PN40 cast steel RP45I and RP45IT or N– Stainless steel (All wetted parts free of non-ferrous metal or in St.steel) Suffix T : soft seated with PTFE/GR Suffix N : soft seated with nitrile rubber
SIZES:	DN 1/2" to DN 1"
CONNECTIONS:	Female screwed BSP or NPT
INSTALLATION:	An "Y" strainer , steam separator and steam trap should be provided upstream the valve. See IMI, installation and maintenance instructions.

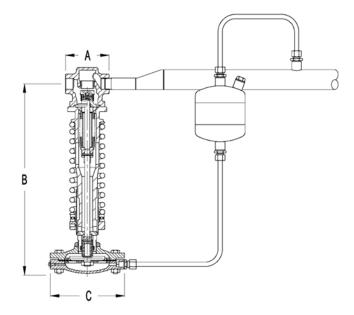
CE MARKING (PED - European Directive 97/23/EC)						
PN16	PN 40 Category					
DN1/2" to DN 1"	DN1/2" to DN 1"	SEP - art. 3, paragraph3				

	LIMITING CONDITIONS					
	RP45S	RP45I	RP45ST	RP45IT	RP45SN *	RP45IN *
Body design conditions	PN40	PN40	PN40	PN40	PN40	PN40
Max.upstream pressure	25 bar	25 bar	25 bar	25 bar	25 bar	25 bar
Max.downstream pressure **	13 bar	13 bar	13 bar	13 bar	13 bar	13 bar
Min.downstream pressure	0.15 bar	0.15 bar	0.15 bar	0.15 bar	0.15 bar	0.15 bar
Max.operating temperature	250°C	250°C	220°C	220°C	90°C	90°C
Max.reducing ratio	25:1	25:1	25:1	25:1	10:1	10:1
Rangeability	10:1	10:1	10:1	10:1	10:1	10:1
Max.cold hydraulic test	25 bar	25 bar	25 bar	25 bar	25 bar	25 bar
Max.hyd. factory valve body test	60 bar	60 bar	60 bar	60 bar	60 bar	60 bar
*Cuffin N a manimum truncleum ratio 40.4 abound he abounded. Other acts materials an request						

*Suffix N : - a maximum turndown ratio 10:1 should be observed. Other soft materials on request.

** Others on request with bellows or piston actuator

	DIMENSIONS (mm)							
	VA	LVE	ACTUATOR					
SIZE	Α	В	WGT.	TYPE C WGT				
DN			Kgs			Kgs		
1/2"	100	440	11.2	A1	172	4.3		
3/4"	100	440	11.5	A11	172	4.3		
1"	100	440	12.1	A2	220	7.3		
-	-	-	-	A21	220	7.3		
-	-	-	-	A3	282	11.3		
-	-	-	-	A4	340	16.3		

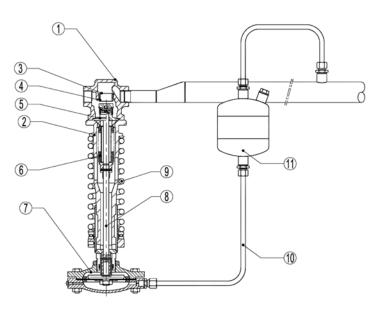


MATERIALS

POS. DESIGNATION

MATERIAL

1	Valve body (PN16)	GJL-250/0.60259
1	Valve body (PN40)	GP240GH/1.0619
1	Valve body (PN40)	CF8M/1.4408
2	Piston body	GJS-400-15/0.7040
3	Valve seat	HARDENED ST.STEEL
4 *	Valve disc	HARDENED ST.STEEL
4 *	Soft valve disc	AISI 304 / 1.4301 ; NBR
		(PTFE/GR, etc)
5	Guide	AISI 304 / 1.4301
6 *	Bellows	AISI 316 Ti / 1.4571
7 *	Diaphragm chamber	GJL-250/0.6025
8	Spindle	AISI 304 / 1.4301
9	Regulating spring	SPRING STEEL
10 *	Impulse line	COPPER
11 *	Condensate vessel a)	S235JRG2/1.0038



* Available spare parts.

a) Not necessary when in operation with low temperature compressed air or water.





SATURATED STEAM CAPACITY TABLE (Kg/h) (P2 < 0,58 P1)							
INLET	INLET VALVE SIZE						
barg	DN 1/2"	DN 1"					
0,5	51	68	90				
0,75	63	84	112				
1	75	100	133				
1,5	100	133	175				
2	126	170	230				
2,5	150	200	260				
3	175	310					
4	220	290	390				
5	260	350	480				
6	330	440	580				
7	400	520	700				
8	450	600	800				
9	500	670	880				
10	560	750	980				
12	680	900	1180				
14	800	1050	1400				
16	920	1230	1630				
18	1040	1400	1860				
20	1170	1540	2100				
22	1330	1780	2350				
24							
	1500	2000	2600				

	ACTUATOR AND SPRING SELECTION TABLE								
VALVE SIZE	Kvs	ACTUATOR							
DN	m3/h		A - 4	A - 4	A - 3	A - 2	A - 21	A-1	A - 11
1/2"	4 0	Out.(bar)	0,15-0,49	0,5-0,99	1,0-1,6	1,7-3,8	3,9-5,5	5,6-8,2	8,3-13
1/2	4,8	Spring №.	66	60	60	60	60	60	60
3/4"	6,9	Out.(bar)	0,15-0,49	0,5-0,99	1,0-1,6	1,7-3,8	3,9-5,5	5,6-8,2	8,3-13
3/4	0,9	Spring №.	66	60	60	60	60	60	60
1"	9,1	Out.(bar)	0,15-0,49	0,5-0,99	1,0-1,6	1,7-3,8	3,9-5,5	5,6-8,2	8,3-13
•	3,1	Spring №.	66	60	60	60	60	60	60

Correction factors:

The given capacities apply to the pressure reducing valves at **critical pressure drop** (downstream pressure in barg about 58% of the upstream pressure barg or lower). In case of **non-critical pressure drop** a correction factor must be used as follows:

ACTOR f
1,25
1,6
2,25

* Pressure ratio in bar abs (barg + 1)

No correction factor should be used for smaller pressure ratios than 0.7.

Superheated steam:

If superheated steam is to be reduced instead of saturated steam a correction factor has to be applied as well, the required mass flow must be multiplied by the following factor :

<u>Vh</u>, where Vh = specific volume of superheated steam and Vs = specific volume of Vs saturated steam .

HOW TO SIZE (using table for steam)

Example (valve selection) : Saturated steam capacity: 300Kg/h; Upstream pressure: 7 bar; Downstream pressure required: 5 bar.

Solution: First determine correction factor for pressure ratio: $\frac{5+1}{7+1} = 0.75 \rightarrow f = 1.25$,

Then multiply the given capacity: $300 \times 1.25 = 375 Kg/h$

Go to 7 bar in the column "bar" of the capacity table. By following the horizontal line you can find out the values for selection of pressure reducing valve. Looking for an equal or higher value than 375 Kg/h. In this case it will be 400 Kg/h. Now, go to the top of the table and read off the nominal size: DN $\frac{1}{2}$ "

On the actuator and spring selection table, for downstream pressure of 2 bar we may see that the recommended actuator is type A-21, considering the valve supplied with spring Nr.60.

How to order: RP45S DN $\frac{1}{2}$ " valve complete with spring Nr.60, type A-21 actuator, condensate vessel and copper tube impulse line.

HOW TO SIZE (using Kvs) : please consult formulas on IS PV10.00 E or consult factory.

INSTALLATION RECOMMENDATIONS

RP45 is designed primarily for steam, compressed air and non inflammable gases. It has limited use for neutral liquids since the plug close in the same direction of the fluid flow, which can produce vibrations and water hammer when used at less than 20% of capacity. To avoid this, valve can be installed with the fluid direction against the plug under certain conditions. Please consult the factory.

At service conditions where the temperature is more than 100°C it is necessary to protect the diaphragm against overheating by using a seal pot.

Never size the valve according to the pipe diameter in which it has to be fitted but according to the required actual flow .Pipe sizing must also respect the maximum recommended flow velocities according to the medium.







INSTALLATION

Service conditions less than 100°C: with gases the valve is ready to work. In case of liquids the actuator must be filled completely with liquid, so, the vent screw (12) should be open till the water flow without bubbles.

The valve can be installed with the diaphragm pointing upwards or downwards.

Service conditions more than 100°C : Fill the seal pot (11) using a funnel (14) until the water emerges from the actuator vent (12) without bubbles .Close the actuator vent screw (12) and proceed filling the pot until the water reaches the top and close it with the plug. The valve is now ready to work.

The valve must be installed with the diaphragm pointing downwards.

Downstream pressure should be adjusted with the key (13). Compressing the spring , spring force increase and downstream pressure increase. Relaxing the spring, spring force decrease and downstream pressure decrease. The valve closes when the downstream pressure rises.

(13 (12 **Typical Installation** (10) (14) (13 1mts or 15 PIPE DIAMETERS MINIMUM (9) NO DOG (((6 306 (2 (7 (11) (8) (5) (3 n Conche de la con 1 m minimum MATERIALS POS. DESIGNATION MODEL ADCA RP45 1 Pressure reducing valve 1A Water seal pot POT ADCA S 16 2 Humidity separator ADCA FLT series Steam trap 3 4 Sigh glass ADCA SW 12 Y Strainer ADCA IS 16 5 Y Strainer ADCA IS16 or IS116 6 7 Stop valve ADCA GV32B 8 Check valve ADCA RT 9 Stop valve ADCA GV32B ADCA GV32B 9A Stop valve 10 Safety valve ADCA GSC-40 11 Coil 12 ADCA GC-400 Gauge cock 13 Upsteam pressure gauge ADCA MAN-100 ADCA MAN-100 14 Downstream pressure gauge

By-pass : if overpressure can not be accepted the use of by-pass is not recommended. In alternative, for critical process, two pressure reducing stations should be installed in parallel. PN ratings and materials according to the operating pressures. * The balance pipe connection is recommended to enter downstream pipe at a minimum of 1 meter from valve. Installation instructions are available (IMI-RP45) and typical assembling drawing. Special assembling designs may be produced on request.

